HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Financial Statements

With Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

June 30, 2014

and

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	Page(s)
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	i-v
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
EXHIBITS: A Statement of Net Position	1
B Statement of Activities	2
C Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	3
D Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	4
E Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	5
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	6-21
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
 SCHEDULES: I Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund 	d 22
2 Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post-Employment Benefits	23
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	24
FEDERAL COMPLIANCE	
SCHEDULE: I Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	25
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	26
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Ma Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government</i> <i>Auditing Standards</i>	
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance	29-30

HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE (CONTINUED)

Schee	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs		
	SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES		
SCHI	EDULES:		
А	Combining Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds – All Nonmajor Funds	33	
В	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – All Nonmajor Funds	34	

EVACHON CLUKAY & COMPANY PC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 608 Chestnut Street • Manchester, New Hampshire 03104 (603) 622-7070 • Fax: (603) 622-1452 • www.vachonclukay.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the schedule of funding progress for other post-employment benefits on pages i-v and 22-24 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Additionally, the combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 26, 2015 on our consideration of the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's internal

control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

luhan onpary

Manchester, New Hampshire February 26, 2015

Presented herewith please find the Management Discussion & Analysis Report for the Hinsdale School District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of this presentation (including all disclosures) rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data contained herein is accurate in all material respects. This data is reported in a manner designed to fairly present the District's financial position, and the results of operations of the various funds of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an accurate understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

The School District Administration is responsible for establishing an accounting and internal control structure designed to ensure that the physical, data, informational, intellectual, and human resource assets of the District are protected from loss, theft, and misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting information is maintained and reported in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Management also strives to ensure that these assets are put to good and effective use. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurances that these objectives are attained.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Hinsdale School District using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement 34.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Hinsdale School District's financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the basic financial statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to most private-sector companies.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the remaining difference reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental activities statement of net position and statement of activities.

The District maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is the District's sole major fund.

The District adopts an annual appropriation budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information which is required to be disclosed by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Comparative Analysis

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, comparative financial analysis is provided in this section to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013.

Statement of Net Position

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	<u>FY 2014</u>	<u>FY 2013</u>
Capital and other assets:		
Capital assets, net	\$ 13,389,949	\$ 13,662,371
Other assets	2,069,516	1,907,401
Total Assets	15,459,465	15,569,772
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		**
Long-term and other liabilities:		
Bonds payable	7,986,075	8,669,465
Capital leases payable	21,206	8,535
Compensated absences payable	138,712	140,423
Other post-employment benefits	185,349	105,840
Other liabilities	970,000	1,067,936
Total Liabilities	9,301,342	9,992,199
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	5,384,063	4,987,041
Restricted	4,670	22,042
	769,390	568,490
Unrestricted	·····	
Total Net Position	\$ 6,158,123	<u>\$ 5,577,573</u>

Statement of Activities

Changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	<u>FY 2014</u>	<u>FY 2013</u>
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 196,730	\$ 221,533
Operating grants and contributions	1,071,323	1,253,682
Capital grants and contributions	 462,802	 462,803
Total Program revenues	 1,730,855	 1,938,018
General revenues:		
Property taxes	5,419,635	5,371,893
State adequacy grant	4,362,522	4,645,701
Interest and investment income	41,628	33,616
Miscellaneous	 356,291	 131,406
Total General revenues	 10,180,076	 10,182,616
Total Revenues	 11,910,931	 12,120,634

Expenses:		
Instruction	6,075,919	6,534,973
Supporting services	904,626	845,262
Instructional staff services	141,186	130,737
General administration	1,753,577	1,579,173
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,472,854	1,401,569
Pupil transportation	366,245	353,832
Food service	285,934	298,817
Other miscellaneous	13,400	960
Debt service	316,640	350,884
Total Expenses	11,330,381	11,496,207
Change in net position	580,550	624,427
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	5,577,573	4,953,146
Net position, end of year	\$ 6,158,123	\$ 5,577,573

As shown in the above statement, the District experienced an increase in net position of \$580,550 on the full accrual basis of accounting. This was primarily a result of conservative spending and unanticipated miscellaneous revenue from insurance refunds. Unrestricted net position, which is a useful indicator of monies available to fund the ongoing operations of the District, increased from the prior year by \$200,900.

Governmental Funds Analysis

The General Fund shows an ending fund balance of \$1,226,435, an increase of \$264,980 or 28% from the previous fiscal year, which is greater than anticipated as the District applied \$407,626 of its beginning fund balance to offset the tax rate. This resulted from a balanced combination of cost savings (actual expenditures were \$537,615 less than budgeted) and unanticipated revenues from miscellaneous sources (actual miscellaneous revenues were \$262,891 more than budgeted).

The ending fund balance of the Nonmajor Governmental Funds decreased by (\$17,372) from the prior year to \$4,670, largely due to required spending down of the Private Grants Fund. The General Fund made a transfer at year end, in accordance with the District's fund balance policy, to offset the deficit fund balance of the Food Service Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There was no difference between the original and final budgets for the General Fund in the current fiscal year. Actual revenues on the budgetary basis exceeded the budgeted amount by \$252,529. A significant portion of this difference is due to prior year insurance refunds received in the current year. Actual appropriations were less than budgeted amounts by \$532,442 with the majority of the savings coming from reduced tuitions for students attending out of district programs and transportation. Variances between the final budgeted amounts and actual results in the General Fund are shown in the Required Supplementary Information and Notes on pages 22 and 24, respectively.

Capital assets

Hinsdale School District considers a capital asset to be an asset whose costs exceed or equal \$10,000 and has a useful life of greater than one year. Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the course of their useful life. During fiscal year 2014, the net capital assets of the District decreased by (\$272,422). The decrease was a result of current period depreciation expense of \$476,051 with only \$203,629 of current year additions. See Note 5 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for a summary of all capital asset activity.

Long-term Obligations

During fiscal year 2014, Hinsdale School District had a reduction in bonds payable of (\$650,000) from scheduled payments made during the year on an existing obligation. The related bond premium decreased by (\$33,390) due to current year amortization. The District had an increase in capital leases payable of \$12,671 due to a new copier lease of \$16,750 and scheduled payments of (\$4,079) made throughout the year. The District showed a net decrease in potential future payments for compensated absences of (\$1,711) and an increase in other post-employment benefits of \$79,509. See Note 8 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for a summary of all long-term obligation activity.

CONTACTING HINSDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens and creditors with a general overview of the Hinsdale School District's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact Hinsdale School District Business Office at 49 School Street, Hinsdale, NH 03451-0027 or by telephone at (603) 336-5728.

EXHIBIT A HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

-

	Governmental
	<u>Activities</u>
ASSETS Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,459,293
Accounts receivable	494 ⁴
Due from other governments	609,466
Inventory	263
Total Current Assets	2,069,516
Four Current Asses	
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable capital assets	194,218
Depreciable capital assets, net	13,195,731
Total Noncurrent Assets	13,389,949
Total Assets	15,459,465
DEPENDED OUTELOWS OF DESCURATES	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	119,471
Accrued expenses	795,700
Due to other governments	50,970
Unearned revenue	3,859
Current portion of bonds payable	680,447
Current portion of capital leases payable	7,850
Total Current Liabilities	1,658,297
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Bonds payable	7,305,628
Capital leases payable	13,356
Compensated absences payable	138,712
Other post-employment benefits payable	185,349
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,643,045
Total Liabilities	9,301,342
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	
NET POSITION	5,384,063
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	3,384,003
Private grants	1 670
Unrestricted	4,670 769,390
Total Net Position	\$ 6,158,123
ו טומו וויכו ד טאווטוו	φ 0,130,123

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

EXHIBIT B HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

			1	Progr	am Revenue	S	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses		ges for	G	Operating rants and ntributions	Capital Grants and <u>Contributions</u>	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 6,075,919	\$	92,361	\$	877,136		\$ (5,106,422)
Supporting services	904,626				2,347		(902,279)
Instructional staff services	141,186						(141,186)
General administration	1,753,577				20,448		(1,733,129)
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,472,854						(1,472,854)
Pupil transportation	366,245						(366,245)
Food service	285,934	1	04,369		171,392		(10,173)
Other miscellaneous	13,400						(13,400)
Debt service	316,640					\$ 462,802	146,162
Total governmental activities	\$ 11,330,381	\$ 1	96,730	\$	1,071,323	\$ 462,802	(9,599,526)
		Gener	al revenu	es:			5 410 705

Ocheral revenues.	
Property taxes	5,419,635
State adequacy education grant	4,362,522
Interest and investment earnings	41,628
Miscellaneous	356,291
Total general revenues	10,180,076
Change in net position	580,550
Net Position - beginning, as restated	5,577,573
Net Position - ending	\$ 6,158,123

EXHIBIT C HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

		neral Ind	Gov	onmajor ernmental <u>Funds</u>	Gov	Total /ernmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,45	59,293			\$	1,459,293
Accounts receivable			\$	494		494
Due from other governments	52	24,884		84,582		609,466
Due from other funds	Ć	5,408		7,625		73,033
Inventory	<u></u>			263		263
Total Assets	2,04	19,585		92,964	2	2,142,549
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		••	<u>-,</u>	14
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2,04	19,585	\$	92,964	<u>\$</u> 2	2,142,549
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 10)0,444	\$	19,027	\$	119,471
Accrued expenses	66	54,111		,		664,111
Due to other governments		50,970				50,970
Unearned revenue				3,859		3,859
Due to other funds		7,625		65,408		73,033
Total Liabilities	82	23,150		88,294	·	911,444
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		÷		-		
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted				4,670		4,670
Committed	55	9,542		.,		559,542
Assigned		6,893				666,893
Total Fund Balances	1,22	6,435		4,670	1	,231,105
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources						
and Fund Balances	\$ 2,04	9,585	\$	92,964		
Amounts reported for governmental net position are different because:						
Capital assets used in government resources and, therefore, are not				ncial	13	3,389,949
Long-term liabilities are not due a period and, therefore, are not rep term liabilities at year end consis	orted in tl					
Bonds payable					(7	,986,075)
Capital leases payable						(21,206)
Compensated absences payable						(138,712)
Other post-employment benefits payable						(185,349)
Accrued interest on long-term	obligatio	18				(131,589)
Net Position of Governmental Activi	ties				<u>\$ 6</u>	5,158,123

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

EXHIBIT D

HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 247.608
Revenues:	rund	runus	runus	Change III Fund Barances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 247,008
Taxes	\$ 5,419,635		\$ 5.419.635	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	
Intergovernmental	5,071,699	\$ 824,948	5,896,647	statement of activities are different because:	
Charges for services	68,395	128,335	196,730		
Investment income	41.628	120,555	41,628	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,	
Miscellaneous	342,891	13,400	356,291	in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated	
Total Revenues	10,944,248	966.683	11,910,931	over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is	
				the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays	
Expenditures:				in the current period.	(272,422)
Current operations:					(272, (22)
Instruction	5,348,420	672.099	6,020,519	Proceeds from capital lease obligations are reported as other financing	
Supporting services	894.328	2,347	896,675	sources in the funds, but capital lease obligations increase long-term	
Instructional staff services	140,391	·	140,391	liabilities in the statement of net position.	(16,750)
General administration	1,730,556	20,448	1,751,004		
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,028,831	<i>'</i>	1,028,831	Governmental funds report the effect of bond issuance premiums	
Pupil transportation	362,296		362,296	when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized as	
Food service	,	285,934	285,934	a component of interest expense in the statement of activities over	
Other miscellaneous		13,400	13,400	the life of the related debt.	33,390
Capital outlay	16,750	151,800	168,550		
Debt service:				Repayment of bonds payable principal is an expenditure in the	
Principal retirement	650,000		650,000	governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term	
Interest and fiscal charges	362,473		362,473	liabilities in the statement of net position.	650,000
Total Expenditures	10,534,045	1,146,028	11,680,073		
				Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	410,203	(179,345)	230,858	governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term	
				liabilities in the statement of net position.	4,079
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from capital lease obligation	16,750		16,750	In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding	
Transfers in		161,973	161,973	bonds and capital leases, whereas in governmental funds, an	
Transfers out	(161,973)		(161,973)	interest expenditure is reported when due.	12,443
Total other financing sources (uses)	(145,223)	161,973	16,750		
				Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as	
Net change in fund balances	264,980	(17,372)	247,608	compensated absences and other post-employment benefits,	
				do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore,	
Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated	961,455	22,042	983,497	are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(77,798)
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$ 1,226,435</u>	<u>\$ 4,670</u>	\$ 1,231,105	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 580,550</u>

EXHIBIT E HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

	Student Activities <u>Agency Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 37,470
Total Assets	\$ 37,470
LIABILITIES	
Due to student groups	<u>\$ 37,470</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 37,470</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local educational units of government, except as indicated hereinafter. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District (the District) is an independent governmental entity organized under the laws of the State of New Hampshire to provide public education within the borders of the Town of Hinsdale, New Hampshire. The District's legislative body is the annual meeting of registered voters within the District and is governed by an elected School Board. The District has no other separate organizational units, which meet criteria for inclusion in the financial statements as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The District employs the use of two categories of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's sole major governmental fund:

The *General Fund* is the main operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The District maintains one fiduciary fund, an agency fund known as the Student Activities Agency Funds. The agency fund was established to account for revenues generated by student managed activities. The District's agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Measurement Focus

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the Statement of Net Position.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unearned revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

1. Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 2). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, and student fees.

2. Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as advances from grantors. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as unearned revenue.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

3. Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Data

The District's budget represents functional appropriations as authorized by annual District meetings. The school board may transfer funds between operating categories as they deem necessary. The District adopts its budget under State regulations, which differ somewhat from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in that the focus is on the entire governmental unit rather than on the basis of fund types.

State law requires balanced budgets but requires the use of beginning fund balance to reduce the property tax rate. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District applied \$307,626 of its unappropriated fund balance to reduce taxes.

Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of food supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when initially purchased.

Capital Assets

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$10,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure or intangible assets. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Years
Land improvements	10
Buildings and improvements	5-39
Machinery and equipment	3-10

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Bond Premium

Bond premiums are amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the related bond using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported in the accompanying financial statements gross of any applicable unamortized bond premiums. The balance of the unamortized bond premium included in bond payables of the governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2014 is \$186,075.

Compensated Absences

District teachers may accumulate sick leave days at a rate of fifteen days per year, cumulative to a maximum of 125 days. A provision for annual sick leave is made in the annual operating budget. No payment for unused sick leave is made upon termination or retirement.

District teachers with a minimum of fifteen years of service are entitled to a one-time lump sum payment at the time of their retirement equal to one percent (1%) of their current earnings, multiplied by the number of years of their service. An annual budgetary provision is made by the District for any expected lump sum payments.

For governmental fund financial statements, these compensated absences are reported as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due upon the occurrence of employee retirement. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. General obligation bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances on any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Fund Balance Policy

Under GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions,* the District has segregated fund balance into five classifications: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. These components of fund balance are defined as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.
- <u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that can only be spent for specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers or by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers or the enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority (the School Board). Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the governing board taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.
- <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>: Amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, any remaining positive fund balance is to be classified as "Assigned".
- <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that are not obligated or specifically designated and is available for any purpose. These amounts are reported only in the General Fund, except for any deficit fund balance of another governmental fund.

The School Board delegates to the Superintendent of Schools, through the Business Administrator, the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Minimum Level of Unassigned Fund Balance

Pursuant to the District's policy, the School Board will return to the Town, any unassigned fund balance of the General Fund at fiscal year end, to be used to offset the subsequent fiscal year's tax rate.

Spending Prioritizations

The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used, committed amounts should be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts then unassigned amounts.

Deficit Fund Balance

Pursuant to the District's policy, if any of the special revenue funds has a deficit unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end, the Superintendent is authorized to transfer funds from the General Fund to cover the deficit, providing the General Fund has the resources to do so.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/ expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/ expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include depreciation expense and the liability for other post-employment benefits.

NOTE 2—PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes levied to support the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District are based on the assessed valuation of the prior April 1st for all taxable real property.

Under state statutes, the Town of Hinsdale, New Hampshire (an independent governmental unit) collects School District taxes and State of New Hampshire Education taxes as part of local property tax assessments. As collection agent, the Town is required to pay over to the District its share of property tax assessments through periodic payments based on cash flow requirements of the District. The Town assumes financial responsibility for all uncollected property taxes under state statutes. For the year ended June 30, 2014, School District taxes were \$4,828,117 and State of New Hampshire Education taxes were \$591,518.

The District is entitled to receive monies under the established payment schedule and the unpaid amount at the fiscal year end, if any, is considered to be an "accounts receivable" since the revenue is both measurable and available.

NOTE 3—RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the District was a member of and participated in a public entity risk pool (Trust) for property and liability insurance and worker's compensation coverage. Coverage has not been significantly reduced from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The Trust agreements permit the Trust to make additional assessments to members should there be a deficiency in Trust assets to meet its liabilities. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require members of pools with a sharing of risk to determine whether or not such assessment is probable and, if so, a reasonable estimate of such assessment. At this time, the Trust foresees no likelihood of an additional assessment for any of the past years.

HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Based on the best available information there is no liability at June 30, 2014.

Property and Liability Insurance

The Trust provides certain property and liability insurance coverage to member school districts, school administrative units, and other qualified political subdivisions of New Hampshire. As a member of the Trust, the District shares in contributing to the cost of and receiving benefit from a self-insured pooled risk management program. The program includes a Self-Insured Retention Fund from which is paid up to \$500,000 for each and every covered property, crime and/or liability loss that exceeds \$1,000, up to an aggregate of \$5,000,000. Each property loss is subject to a \$1,000 deductible. All losses over the aggregate are covered by insurance policies.

Worker's Compensation

The Trust provides statutory worker's compensation coverage to member school districts, school administrative units, and other qualified political subdivisions of New Hampshire. The Trust is self-sustaining through annual member premiums and provides coverage for the statutorily required workers' compensation benefits and employer's liability coverage up to \$2,000,000. The program includes a Loss Fund from which is paid up to \$500,000 for each and every covered claim.

NOTE 4—DEPOSITS

Deposits as of June 30, 2014 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,459,293
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	37,470
Total deposits	\$ 1,496,763

Deposits at June 30, 2014 consist of the following:

Deposits with financial inst	itutions	<u>\$ 1,496,763</u>

The School District's investment policy for its governmental funds requires that deposits and investments be made in New Hampshire based financial institutions that are participants in one of the federal depository insurance programs. The District's deposits with financial institutions consist solely of demand deposits.

Deposits for the Student Activities Agency Funds are at the discretion of the School Principals and Superintendent of Schools.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District's investment policy stipulates that all deposits and investments be covered by federal depository insurance, with all balances in excess of FDIC insurance limits collateralized.

Of the District's deposits with financial institutions at year end, \$1,451,588 was collateralized by an Irrevocable Stand-by Letter of Credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh.

NOTE 5—CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets of the governmental activities:

	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2014
Capital assets not being depreciated:	<u> </u>			<u></u>
Land	\$ 194,218			\$ 194,218
Construction in progress	18,750		<u>\$ (18,750)</u>	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	212,968	\$	(18,750)	194,218
Other capital assets:				
Land improvements	109,576			109,576
Buildings and improvements	16,496,518	178,800		16,675,318
Machinery and equipment	284,533	43,579		328,112
Total other capital assets at historical cost	16,890,627	222,379	-	17,113,006
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(41,091)	(10,958)		(52,049)
Buildings and improvements	(3,210,048)	(433,118)		(3,643,166)
Machinery and equipment	(190,085)	(31,975)		(222,060)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,441,224)	(476,051)		(3,917,275)
Total other capital assets, net	13,449,403	(253,672)		13,195,731
Total capital assets, net	\$ 13,662,371	\$ (253,672)	<u>\$ (18,750)</u>	\$ 13,389,949

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 20,169
General administration	11,090
Operation and maintenance of plant	440,843
Pupil transportation	 3,949
	\$ 476,051

The balance of capital assets acquired through capital leases as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Machinery and equipment	\$ 28,374
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 (8,960)
	\$ 19,414

HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 6—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The District contributes to the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the NHRS Board of Trustees. The plan provides service, disability, death and vested retirement allowances to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature. The NHRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for NHRS. That report may be obtained by writing to New Hampshire Retirement System, 54 Regional Drive, Concord, New Hampshire 03301.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 7.0% of their covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The District's contribution rates for the covered payroll of teachers and general employees for the year ended June 30, 2014 were 14.16% and 10.77%, respectively. The District contributes 100% of the employer cost for teachers and general employees of the District.

Under state law plan member contribution rates are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature and employer contribution rates are determined by the NHRS Board of Trustees based on an actuarial valuation. The District's contributions to the NHRS for the years ending June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$616,883, \$470,988, and \$477,896, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 7—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health care benefits to its eligible retirees and their spouses. Employees are eligible for retiree health care coverage until Medicare eligibility once they meet the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS) eligibility requirements. To qualify for these benefits employees covered by the NHRS must meet one of the following eligibility requirements: reach the age of 50 with 10 years of service, obtain 70 points (the sum of age and years of service) or reach the age of 60 with no minimum service requirement. Retirees are required to pay the full cost of coverage. Upon death of a retiree or active employee, spouse coverage switches to COBRA. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by RSA 100-A:50. As of July 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, approximately 5 retirees and 87 active employees meet the eligibility requirements. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Annual OPEB Costs

The District's annual OPEB expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid, on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over a period of thirty years.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

The District's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 including the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the change in the District's net OPEB obligation based on an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013 is as follows:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 89,069
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation (NOO)	4,763
NOO Amortization adjustment to ARC	(6,356)
Annual OPEB cost	87,476
Contributions made	(7,967)
Increase in Net OPEB obligation	79,509
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	105,840
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 185,349

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

Fiscal			Percentage of		
Year	Annua	1	OPEB Cost	N	et OPEB
Ended	<u>OPEB C</u>	ost	Contributed	<u>O</u>	<u>bligation</u>
6/30/2014	\$ 87,4	176	9.1%	\$	185,349
6/30/2013	\$ 60,3	353	38.1%	\$	105,840
6/30/2012	\$ 56,9	037	38.8%	\$	68,465

The District's net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2014 is recognized as a liability of the governmental activities in these financial statements.

Funded Status and Funding Progress for OPEB

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2013, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation is as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$	692,297
Actuarial value of plan assets		••
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	<u>\$</u>	692,297
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		0.0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$:	5,255,856
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		13.2%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. The total cost of providing post-employment benefits is projected, taking into account assumptions about current claim cost, turnover, mortality, health care trends, and other key assumptions. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions for OPEB

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the District and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the District and plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

For the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, the Projected Unit Credit cost method was used with linear proration to decrement. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the District has not advance funded its obligation. The District employs the Pay-as-you-go Cash Basis to fund the plan. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5% investment rate of return. The initial annual health care cost trend rate used was 2.76%, which decreases to an ultimate rate of 5.0% for all heath care benefits after ten years. The amortization costs for the initial Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) is a level percentage of payroll for a period of thirty years on an open group basis. This has been calculated assuming an annual payroll increase at a rate of 3.0% per year.

NOTE 8—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the long-term obligations of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

						Amounts
	Balance				Balance	Due Within
Туре	July 1, 2013	A	<u>dditions</u>	Reductions	<u>June 30, 2014</u>	One Year
Bonds payable	\$ 8,450,000			\$ (650,000)	\$ 7,800,000	\$ 650,000
Unamortized bond premium	219,465			(33,390)	186,075	30,447
Total Bonds payable	8,669,465	\$	-	(683,390)	7,986,075	680,447
Capital leases payable	8,535		16,750	(4,079)	21,206	7,850
Compensated absences payable	140,423		48,722	(50,433)	138,712	A
Totals	\$ 8,818,423	\$	65,472	\$(737,902)	\$ 8,145,993	\$ 688,297

Payments on outstanding general obligation bonds and capital leases, as well as compensated absences payable, are paid out of the General Fund. Amortization of the bond premium is recognized as a component of interest expense on the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B).

General Obligation Bonds

Bonds payable at June 30, 2014 is comprised of the following individual issue:

	Original	Interest	Maturity	l	Balance at
Description	Issue	Rate	Date	Ju	<u>ne 30, 2014</u>
2010 Series A Refunding Bonds	<u>\$ 13,032,960</u>	4.0-5.0%	August 2025	\$	7,800,000
		Add: Unamort	ized bond premium		186,075
		Т	otal Bonds Payable	\$	7,986,075

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Debt service requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Year Ended			
<u>June 30,</u>	Principal	Interest	<u>Totals</u>
2015	\$ 650,000	\$ 329,973	\$ 979,973
2016	650,000	297,473	947,473
2017	650,000	264,974	914,974
2018	650,000	232,474	882,474
2019	650,000	209,137	859,137
2020-2024	3,250,000	637,650	3,887,650
2025-2026	1,300,000	58,094	1,358,094
Sub-total Bonds Payable	7,800,000	2,029,775	9,829,775
Add: Unamortized Bond Premium	186,075	-	186,075
Total Bonds Payable	<u>\$ 7,986,075</u>	<u>\$ 2,029,775</u>	<u>\$ 10,015,850</u>

As included on the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) as 'Debt service' expense, interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$316,640 on general obligation debt of the governmental activities.

Capital Lease Obligations

Capital lease obligations represent lease agreements entered into for the financing of equipment acquisitions. These contracts are subject to cancellation should funds not be appropriated to meet payment obligations. Amounts are annually budgeted in the applicable function. The following are the individual capital lease obligations at June 30, 2014:

	\$ 21,206
through June 2018, including interest of 13.35%	 16,750
Office Equipment, due in monthly installments of \$452	
Office Equipment, due in annual installments of \$3,342 through July 2014, including interest of 9.17%	3,061
Office Equipment, due in annual installments of \$1,525 through July 2014, including interest of 9.35%	\$ 1,395

Debt service requirements to retire capital lease obligations outstanding at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Year Ended			
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Totals</u>
2015	\$ 7,850	\$ 2,444	\$ 10,294
2016	3,876	1,551	5,427
2017	4,426	1,001	5,427
2018	5,054	373	5,427
	\$ 21,206	<u>\$ 5,369</u>	<u>\$ 26,575</u>

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 9—INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The District has combined the cash resources of its governmental funds. For accounting and reporting purposes, that portion of the pooled cash balance is reported in the specific fund as an interfund balance. Interfund balances at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

			ie From onmajor	
o Seperal Fund	General	Gov	ernmental	
0	Fund		<u>Funds</u>	Totals
General Fund		\$	65,408	\$ 65,408
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 7,625			 7,625
	<u>\$ 7,625</u>	\$	65,408	\$ 73,033

During the year, several interfund transactions occurred between funds. The General Fund made a transfer at fiscal year end to the Food Service Fund, a Nonmajor Governmental Fund, in order to offset a deficit fund balance. The transfer was made in accordance with the District's fund balance policy and budgetary authorization. Additionally, during the year the General Fund made a transfer from an expendable trust account to the Capital Projects Fund, a Nonmajor Governmental Fund, for the purpose of financing a roof replacement project. The transfer was properly authorized by the School Board and made in accordance with the purpose of the District's expendable trust account. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Transfers in	Transfers out
General Fund		\$ 161,973
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Food Service Fund	\$ 10,173	
Capital Projects Fund	151,800	
	<u>\$ 161,973</u>	<u>\$ 161,973</u>

NOTE 10—COMPONENTS OF FUND BALANCE

The components of the District's fund balance for its governmental funds at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

			No	onmajor		Total
	(General	Gov	ernmental	Gov	ernmental
Fund Balances		<u>Fund</u>]	<u>Funds</u>		<u>Funds</u>
Restricted for:						
Private grants			\$	4,670	\$	4,670
Committed for:						
School Building Maintenance Fund	\$	50,000				50,000
Expendable trusts		509,542				509,542
Assigned for:						
Designated to offset subsequent fiscal year tax rate		666,893				666,893
	\$	1,226,435	\$	4,670	<u>\$ 1</u>	,231,105

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 11—CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal Grants

The District participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agency cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation

There may be various claims and suits pending against the District, which arise in the normal course of the District's activities. In the opinion of District management, any potential claims against the District, which are not covered by insurance are immaterial and would not affect the financial position of the District.

NOTE 12—RESTATEMENT OF EQUITY

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

During the year ended June 30, 2014, it was determined that accrued expenses of the General Fund were understated as previously reported. Fund balance of the General Fund as of July 1, 2013 has been restated as follows:

	General
	Fund
Fund Balance - July 1, 2013 (as previously reported)	\$ 1,137,231
Amount of restatement due to:	
Understatement of accrued expenses	(175,776)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2013, as restated	<u>\$ 961,455</u>

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The impact of the above restatement on net position of the governmental activities as of July 1, 2013 is as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Net Position - July 1, 2013 (as previously reported) Amount of restatement due to:	\$ 5,753,349
Understatement of accrued expenses	(175,776)
Net Position - July 1, 2013, as restated	\$ 5,577,573

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 13—IMPLEMENTATION OF FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, which the District is required to implement in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. Management believes that this pronouncement will have a potentially significant impact on the District's government-wide financial statements. Under GASB Statement 68, the District will be required to report its estimated proportional share of the New Hampshire Retirement System's unfunded pension liability in the financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

SCHEDULE 1 HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Variance with **Budgeted Amounts** Final Budget -Actual Favorable (Unfavorable) Original Final Amounts Revenues: \$ 5,419,635 \$ 5,419,635 \$ 5,419,635 \$ Taxes ---Intergovernmental 5,080,456 5,080,456 5,071,699 (8,757)Charges for services 70,000 70,000 68,395 (1,605)80,000 80,000 Miscellaneous 342,891 262,891 252,529 Total Revenues 10,650,091 10,650,091 10,902,620 Expenditures: Current operations: Instruction 5,751,410 5,751,410 5,345,140 406,270 Supporting services 890,786 890,786 894,328 (3,542)Instructional staff services 166,923 166,923 140,391 26,532 General administration 1,681,531 1,681,531 1,704,733 (23, 202)Operation and maintenance of plant 987,170 987,170 955,741 31,429 Pupil transportation 462,424 462,424 362,296 100,128 Debt service: Principal retirement 650,000 650,000 650,000 ... 362,473 362,473 362,473 Interest and fiscal charges 537,615 10,415,102 **Total Expenditures** 10,952,717 10,952,717 (302, 626)790,144 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (302, 626)487,518 Other financing (uses): (105,000)(105,000)(110, 173)(5, 173)Transfers out Total other financing (uses) (105,000)(105,000)(110, 173)(5, 173)784,971 Net change in fund balance (407, 626)(407, 626)377,345 Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated 339,548 339,548 339,548 - Budgetary Basis -Fund balances at end of year (68,078)(68,078)716,893 784,971 - Budgetary Basis \$ \$ S

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

SCHEDULE 2 HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post-Employment Benefits For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

UAAL as a Actuarial Unfunded Percentage of Actuarial Actuarial Valuation Value of Accrued AAL Funded Covered Covered Assets (UAAL) <u>Payroll</u> Payroll Date Liability (AAL) <u>Ratio</u> 7/1/2010 \$ 340,354 340,354 0% \$ 4,728,403 7.2% -\$ \$ 7/1/2013 \$ \$ 692,297 0% \$ 5,255,856 13.2% \$ 692,297 ---

HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2014

NOTE 1—BUDGET TO ACTUAL RECONCILIATION

General Fund

Amounts recorded as budgetary amounts in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund (Schedule 1) are reported on the basis budgeted by the District. Those amounts differ from those reported in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (Exhibit D). General Fund budgetary revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses were adjusted for non-budgetary revenues and expenditures, budgetary transfers out, encumbrances, and capital lease obligation proceeds as follows:

		Revenues	Е	xpenditures
		and Other		and Other
		Financing		Financing
		Sources		<u>Uses</u>
Per Exhibit D	\$	10,960,998	\$	10,696,018
Non-budgetary revenues and expenditures		(41,628)		(151,800)
Budgetary transfers out				100,000
Encumbrances - June 30, 2013				(102,193)
Capital lease obligation proceeds		(16,750)	-	(16,750)
Per Schedule 1	<u>\$</u>	10,902,620	\$	10,525,275

NOTE 2—BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE

The components of the budgetary fund balance for the General Fund at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Committed for:	
School Building Maintenance Fund	\$ 50,000
Assigned for:	
Designated to offset subsequent fiscal year tax rate	 666,893
	\$ 716,893

NOTE 3—SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In accordance with GASB Statement #45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, the District is required to disclose the schedule of funding progress for each of the three most recent actuarial valuations. The District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement #45 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Accordingly, the funding progress has only been presented for the two most recent actuarial valuation reports. Additional disclosures will be made as the information becomes available.

SCHEDULE I HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/Grant Program/State <u>Grant Number</u> DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Pass Through Payments from the New Hampshire Department of Education	Federal Catalogue <u>Number</u>	Expenditures
Child Nutrition Cluster:	10 770	¢ 24.244
School Breakfast Program	10.553	<u>\$ 26,264</u>
National School Lunch Program	10.555	135,260
Summer Food Service Program for Children Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.559	<u> </u>
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	12,797
Total Department of Agriculture		181,731
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Pass Through Payments from the New Hampshire Department of Education		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies #30061 #30217 #40061	84.010	20,023 10,000 204,089 234,112
Special Education - Grants to States #42562	84.027	109,253
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers #35339 #45328	84.287	3,091 129,756 132,847
Department of Education Direct Programs Rural Education #S358A128105	84.358	3,000
Pass Through Payments from the New Hampshire Department of Education Improving Teacher Quality State Grants #24851 #34851 #44851	84.367	10,797 25,940 347 39,084
Total Department of Education		518,296
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Department of Health and Human Services Direct Programs Drug-Free Communities Support Program Grants #B3642G1	93.276	135,259
Total Department of Health and Human Services		135,259
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		<u>\$ 835,286</u>

HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 1—GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District (the District). The District's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the District's basic financial statements. All federal funds are included on the schedule.

NOTE 2-BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 of the District's basic financial statements.

NOTE 3-NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

The District participates in the USDA Food Distribution Program which is a non-cash program. On the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, \$14,433 has been reported as part of the National School Lunch Program which represents the value of commodities received by the District.

NOTE 4—RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The recognition of expenditures of federal awards has been reported as intergovernmental revenues in the District's basic financial statements in the following governmental funds:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Federal Projects Fund	\$ 653,556
Food Service Fund	 167,297
	\$ 820,853



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the School Board Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 26, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Vula C onpary

Manchester, New Hampshire February 26, 2015



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

To the School Board Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

onpon

Manchester, New Hampshire February 26, 2015

Hinsdale, New Hampshire School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section I—Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodified – all reporting units</u>
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified	yes <u>X</u> no
not considered to be material weaknesses?	yesX none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no
<u>Federal Awards</u>	
Internal Control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes <u>X</u> no yes <u>X</u> none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a)?	yes <u>X</u> no
Identification of major programs:	

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B program: <u>\$300,000</u>.

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

<u>X</u>yes ____ no

Section II--Financial Statement Findings

There were no findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported by GAGAS.

Section III--Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings and questioned costs as defined under OMB Circular A-133 .510(a).

SCHEDULE A HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Combining Balance Sheet Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Funds June 30, 2014

	Food Service <u>Fund</u>	Federal Projects <u>Fund</u>	Private Grants <u>Fund</u>	Total Nonmajor <u>Funds</u>	
ASSETS	ф <u>404</u>			Ф <u>404</u>	
Accounts receivable	\$ 494			\$ 494	
Due from other governments	11,568	\$ 73,014		84,582	
Due from other funds	2,955		\$ 4,670	7,625	
Inventory	263		<u></u>	263	
Total Assets	15,280	73,014	4,670	92,964	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 15,280	\$ 73,014	\$ 4,670	\$ 92,964	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 11,421	\$ 7,606		\$ 19,027	
Unearned revenue	3,859			3,859	
Due to other funds		65,408		65,408	
Total Liabilities	15,280	73,014	\$	88,294	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			-		
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted			4,670	4,670	
Total Fund Balances		-	4,670	4,670	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	And the first of the second				
and Fund Balances	\$ 15,280	\$ 73,014	\$ 4,670	<u>\$ 92,964</u>	

SCHEDULE B HINSDALE, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHOOL DISTRICT Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

P	Food Service <u>Fund</u>	Federal Projects <u>Fund</u>	Private Grants <u>Fund</u>	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Total Nonmajor <u>Funds</u>
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 171,392	\$ 653,556		\$ 824,948		\$ 824,948
Charges for services	3 171,392 104,369	\$ 055,550	\$ 23,966	\$ 824,948 128,335		5 824,948 128,335
Miscellaneous	104,507		13,400	128,555		128,555
Total Revenues	275,761	653,556	37,366	966,683	\$ -	966,683
Expenditures:						
Current operations:			(1.000	(=0.000		<
Instruction		630,761	41,338	672,099		672,099
Supporting services General administration		2,347 20,448		2,347 20,448		2,347 20,448
Food service	285,934	20,448		285,934		20,448 285,934
Other miscellaneous	200,704		13,400	13,400		13,400
Capital outlay			10,100	10,100	151,800	151,800
Total Expenditures	285,934	653,556	54,738	994,228	151,800	1,146,028
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(10,173)		(17,372)	(27,545)	(151,800)	(179,345)
Other financing sources:	10.150			10.150	151.000	
Transfers in	<u> 10,173</u> <u> 10,173</u>			<u> 10,173</u> <u> 10,173</u>	<u> 151,800</u> <u> 151,800</u>	<u> 161,973</u> 161,973
Total other financing sources	10,173	-		10,175	151,800	101,975
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(17,372)	(17,372)	-	(17,372)
Fund balances at beginning of year	-		22,042	22,042		22,042
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>s -</u>	\$ 4,670	\$ 4,670	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 4,670